

FabSim3 for Automation and Tool Integrations in VECMAtk



Verified Exascale Computing for Multiscale Applications

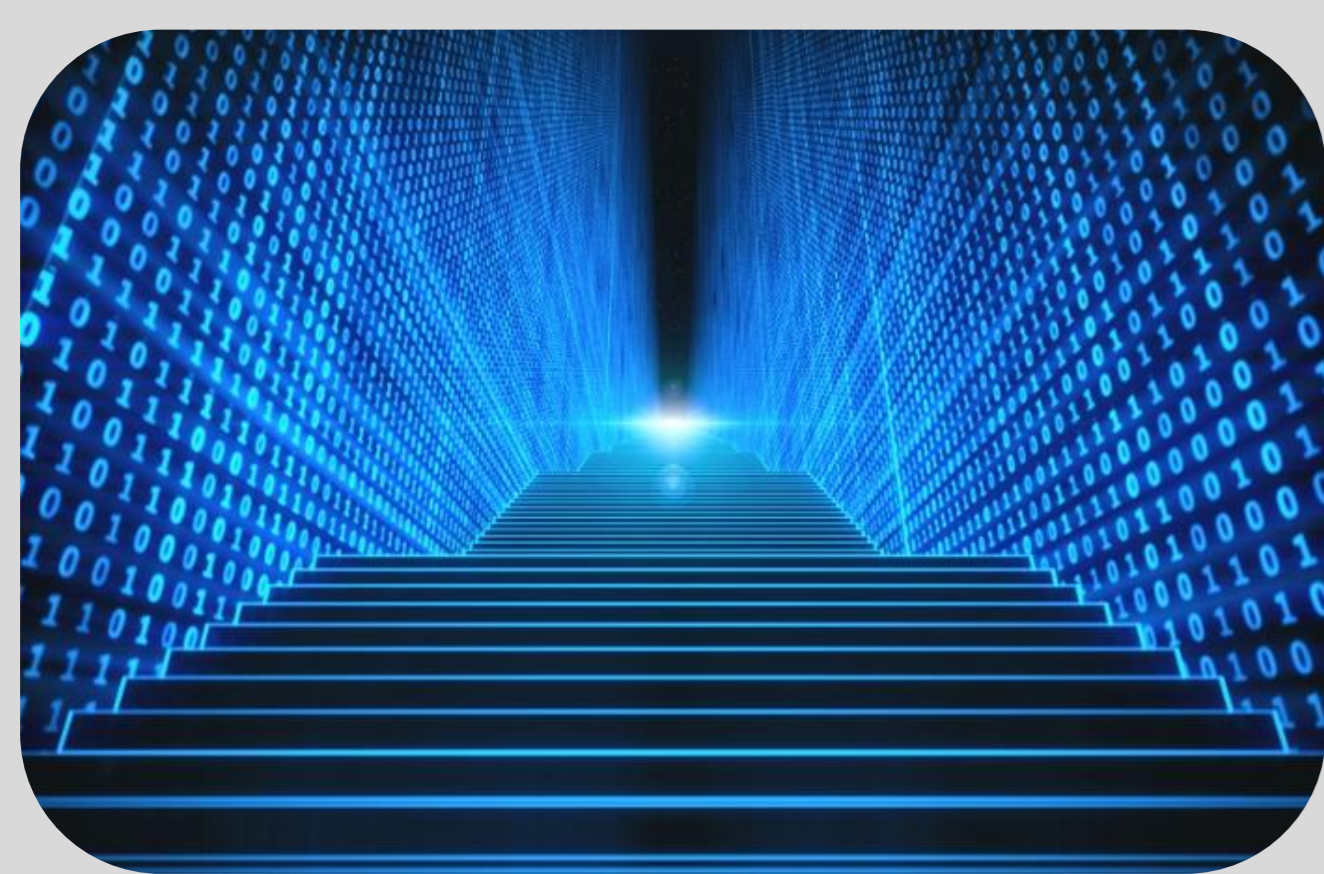
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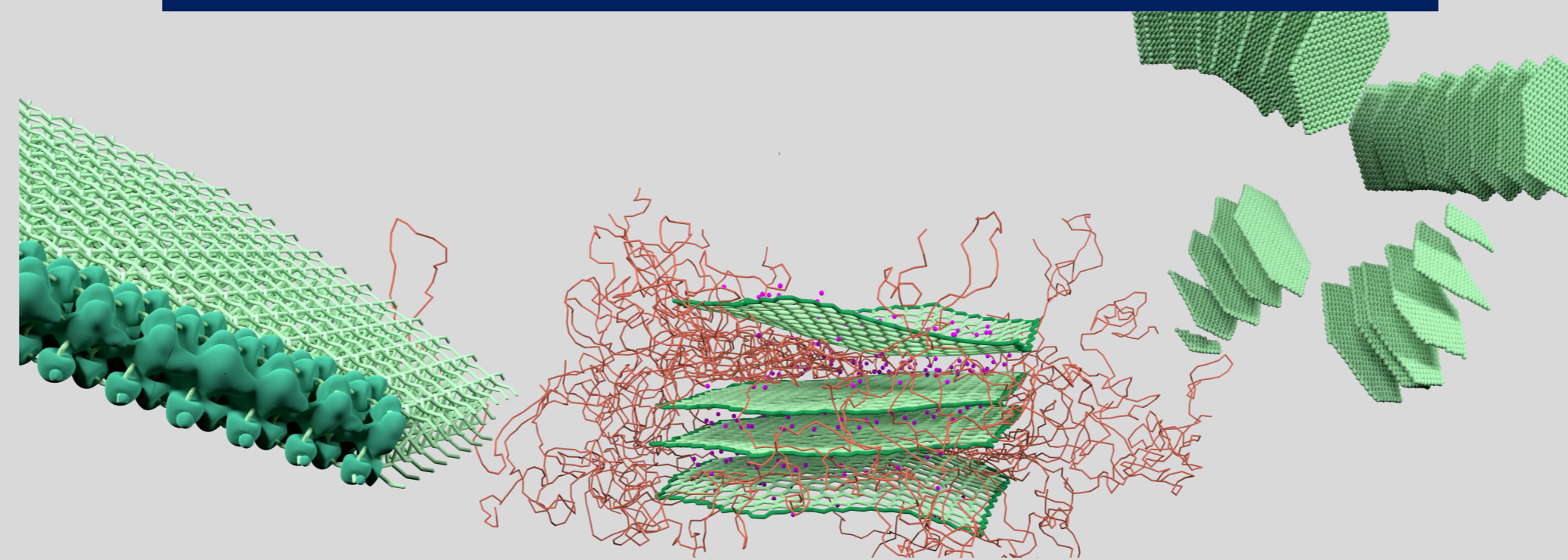
[VECMA FET-HPC](https://www.fet-hpc.eu/)

High-Performance Computing (HPC)

- High-performance computing has unlocked a new dimension in scientific research and simulation-based decision making.
- With this ever-growing forefront of computational power, we can simulate increasingly complex systems of interest.
- Exascale computing systems can perform > 1 exaFLOPS, or a quintillion calculations per second.
- We currently sit on the brink of the exascale.



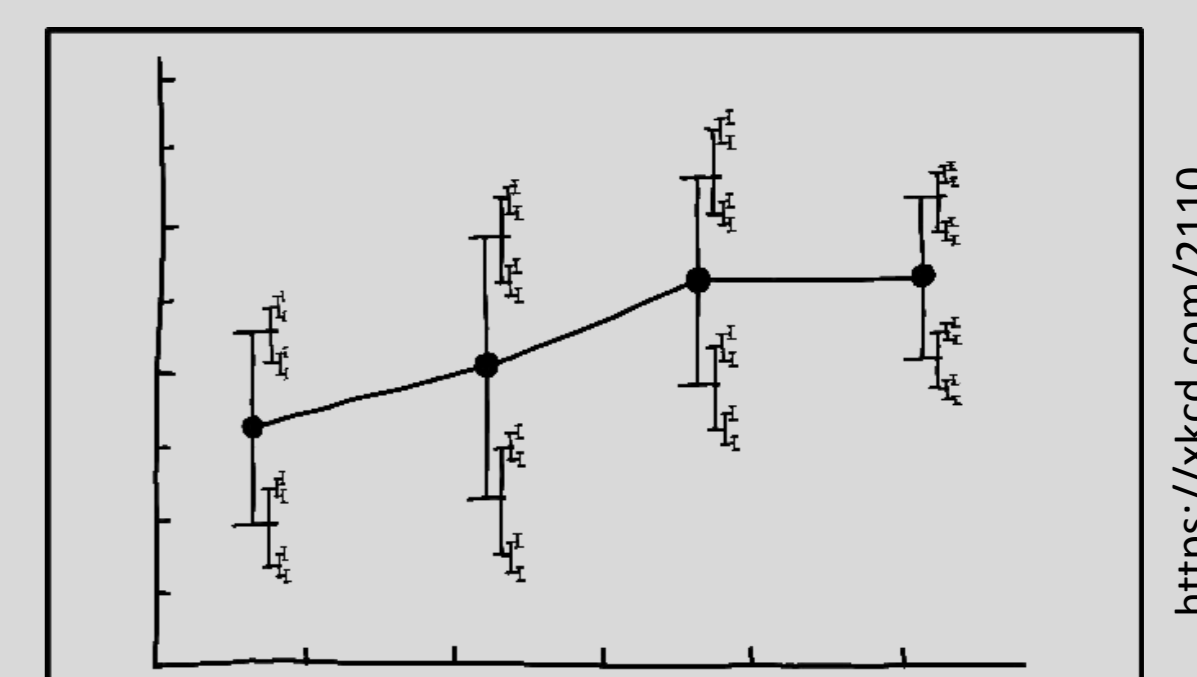
Multiscale Modelling and Simulation



- Systems of interest can be examined at a wide range of physical and temporal scales using high performance computing.
- Multiscale modelling and simulation combines different scales in order to make new discoveries and inform critical decisions.
- It is widely applied in fields ranging from the physical sciences, engineering, and the life science domain.
- VECMA project deals with the following domains: Climate Modelling, Migration Prediction, Material Science, Fusion Energy and Biomedicine.

VVUQ

- VVUQ** - Validation, Verification, and Uncertainty Quantification;
- Verification** - Determines if the computational model fits the mathematical description.
- Validation** - Determine if the model accurately represents the real-world application.
- Uncertainty Quantification** - Determine how variations in the numerical and physical parameters affect simulation outcomes.



I DON'T KNOW HOW TO PROPAGATE ERROR CORRECTLY, SO I JUST PUT ERROR BARS ON ALL MY ERROR BARS.

VECMA Toolkit

VECMAtk: An open-source Toolkit for multiscale VVUQ based on generic multiscale VV and UQ patterns (software solutions to reoccurring problems).

D. Groen, et al., "VECMAtk: A Scalable Verification, Validation and Uncertainty Quantification Toolkit for Scientific Simulations", Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society A. 2020, <https://arxiv.org/abs/2010.03923v2>



Components:

- EasyVVUQ** for VVUQ definitions;
- MUSCLE3** for model coupling;
- FabSim3** for automation and tool integrations;
- QCG Tools** to manage and execute application workflow on HPC infrastructures.

FabSim3 Architecture

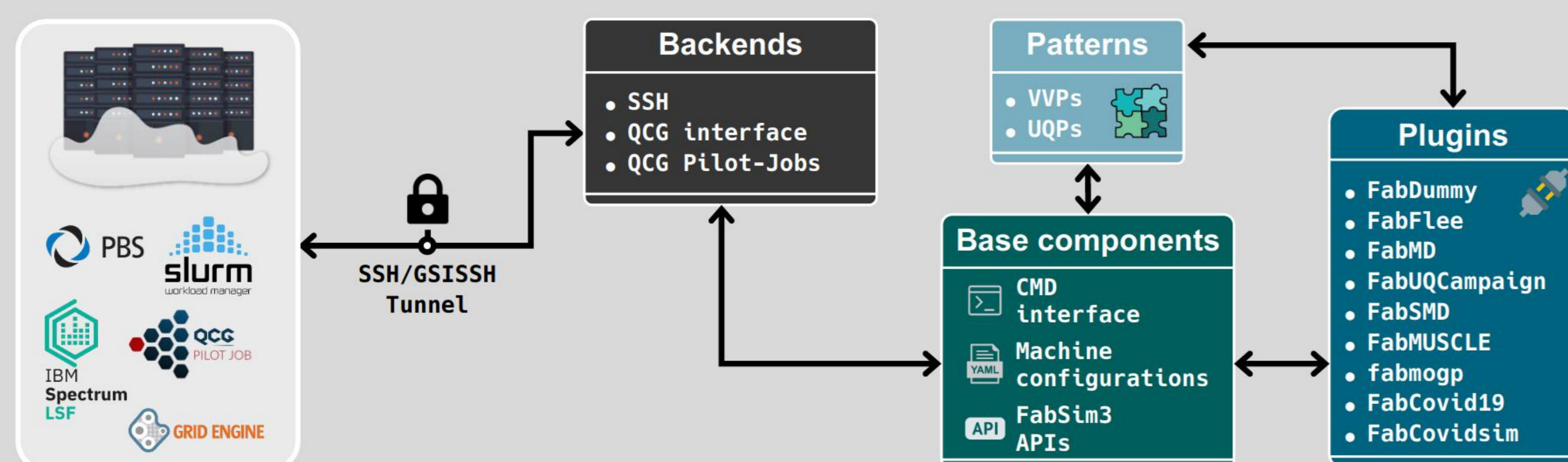
FabSim3 is designed to support automation of large scale simulation workflow from data preparation step to results analysis in such a way as to reduce the burden on application developers. The tool is generic and is oriented towards developers from different research disciplines and with at least basic programming experience. To enable users to rapidly prototype and evolve their domain-specific workflows, FabSim3 supports the development of application-specific plugins. Once developed, these plugins can then be shared with the wider community, eliminating the need to duplicate machine configurations, workflow definitions or deployment instructions.

```
>_ fabsim <machine_name> <task_name>[:<arg1=x1>,...,<argN=xN>]
```

The name of machine, i.e., localhost or remote machine, to be used for executing the simulation runs.

The name of FabSim3 API or plugin function.

Input arguments for the tasks or machines configuration variable.



Future Work

- Improving the total job submission;
- Supporting more VV and UQ patterns;
- Close integration of FabSim3 with QCG-PJ, EasyVVUQ and MUSCLE3.

FabSim3 Plugins

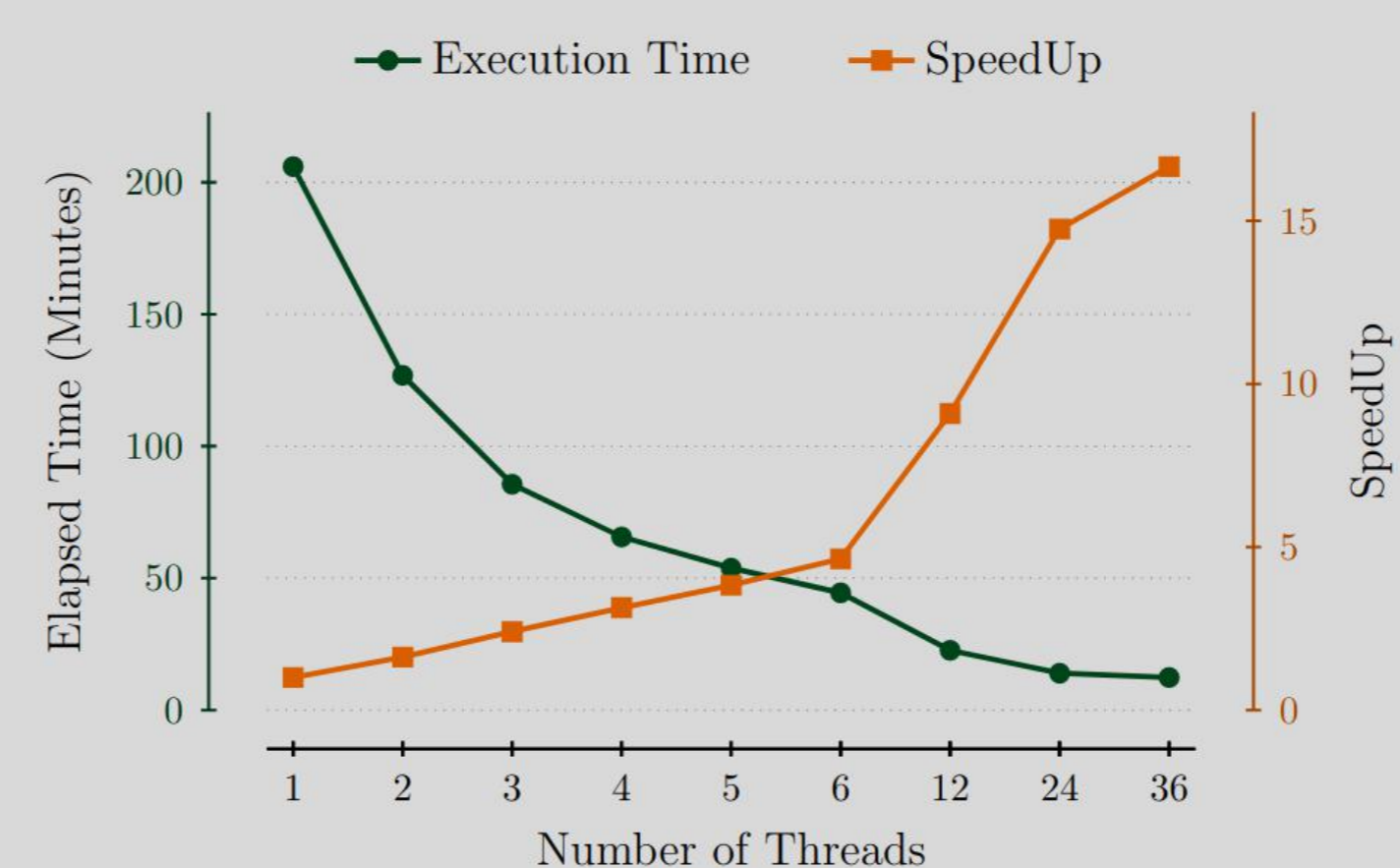
By abstracting the low-level required activities, FabSim3 features a flexible plugin system that allows users to have a customizable version of their own application, in a modular and lightweight manner, to be employed for automating simulation runs and performing tasks such as search, store, transfer, visualize, or any other analysis on the inputs/outputs data. This helps developers to curate complex and dynamic ensemble workflows in an easier way, and also make their simulations more robust and reproducible.

FabSim3 plugin API philosophy follows these three main goals:

- Stability:
 - should not require any changes in the application core development, i.e., it should be only used as a wrapper functionality around the application.
 - the installation and usage should be applicable across devices and users.
- Ease of Development:
 - should be easy enough to develop and support.
 - should have a sufficient level of simplicity and generality for an average users.
- Performance:
 - should provides a range of functionalities for common use cases.

FabSim3 Performance and Scalability

Time required to submit 15121/4865 jobs with FabSim3 (with/without QCG-PJ) relative to the number of job submission threads used. Graph is made using average of 10 repetition of each ensemble size. Please note that, here we only measure the job submission overhead, so, queuing time and job execution on computing nodes are not considered in our test.



ensemble size = 15121, QCG-PilotJob = True



ensemble size = 4865, QCG-PilotJob = False



The VECMA Consortium



Join us as an Associate Partner

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